

Exo. 1

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y = 10e^x$$

$$y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 2$$

a) $y'' + 2y' + 2y = 0$

eq. caract. $\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 2 = 0$

$$\Delta = 4 - 8 = -4 < 0$$

$$\lambda = \frac{-2 \pm i\sqrt{4}}{2} = -1 \pm i$$

$$\bar{\lambda} = -1 - i$$

$$y_H(x) = C_1 e^{-x} \cos(x) + C_2 e^{-x} \sin(x)$$

b) Soluto part. de $y'' + 2y' + 2y = 10e^x$

$$y(x) = a \cdot e^x$$

$$y'(x) = a \cdot e^x, a \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y''(x) = a \cdot e^x$$

$$ae^x + 2ae^x + 2ae^x = 10e^x$$

$$5a = 10$$

$$a = 2$$

Une soluto part. est

$$y_p(x) = 2e^x$$

c) $y(x) = 2e^x + C_1 e^{-x} \cos(x) + C_2 e^{-x} \sin(x)$

$$y'(x) = 2e^x + C_1 e^{-x} \cos(x) - C_1 e^{-x} \sin(x) - C_2 e^{-x} \sin(x) + C_2 e^{-x} \cos(x)$$

$$\begin{cases} y(0) = 1 \\ y'(0) = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} y(0) = 2 + C_1 = 1 \\ y'(0) = 2 - C_1 + C_2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} C_1 = -1 \\ C_2 = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$y(x) = 2e^x - e^{-x} \cos(x) - e^{-x} \sin(x)$$

Exo. 2

$$(1+x^2)y' + 2xy = x \cos x$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

1) (H): $(1+x^2)y' + 2xy = 0$

$$y_H' = \frac{-2x}{(1+x^2)} y_H$$

$y_H(x) = K e^{A(x)}$ avec $A(x)$ primitive
de $a(x) = \frac{-2x}{1+x^2}$

$$\int \frac{-2x}{1+x^2} dx = -\ln(1+x^2)$$

$$y_H(x) = K \cdot e^{-\ln(1+x^2)} = K e^{\ln\left(\frac{1}{1+x^2}\right)} = \frac{K}{1+x^2}$$

Solution de (H) est

$$y_H(x) = \frac{K}{1+x^2}, K \in \mathbb{R}$$

2) $y_p(x) = \frac{K(x)}{1+x^2}$

$$y_p'(x) = \frac{K'(x)(1+x^2) - K(x)2x}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$(1+x^2)y_p'(x) + 2xy_p(x) = x \cos x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{K'(x)(1+x^2) - K(x)2x}{(1+x^2)^2} + 2x \frac{K(x)}{(1+x^2)^2} = x \cos x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow K'(x) - \frac{K(x)2x}{1+x^2} + 2x \frac{K(x)}{1+x^2} = x \cos x$$

$$\Leftrightarrow K'(x) = x \cos(x)$$

$$K'(x) = x \cos x$$

$$K(x) = \int x \cos(x) dx$$

$$= x \sin(x) - \int 1 \sin(x) dx$$

$$= x \sin(x) + \cos(x)$$

$$y_p(x) = \frac{K(x)}{1+x^2} = \frac{x \sin(x) + \cos(x)}{1+x^2}$$

$$V(x) = x$$

$$u'(x) = \cos(x) \rightarrow u(x) = \sin(x)$$

3) $y(x) = y_H(x) + y_p(x)$

$$= \frac{K}{1+x^2} + \frac{x \sin(x) + \cos(x)}{1+x^2}, K \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$= \frac{K + x \sin(x) + \cos(x)}{1+x^2}$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

$$\frac{K + 0 \sin(0) + \cos(0)}{1+0^2} = \frac{K+1}{1} = K+1$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

$$\int x^2 \cos(x) dx$$

$$x^2 \sin(x) - \int 3x \sin(x) dx$$

$$-3x \cos(x) + \int 6 \cos(x) dx$$