

Réduction de Gauss

$$q(x) = \underline{x_1^2 - 2x_1x_2 + 4x_1x_3 - 2x_1x_4} + \underline{5x_2^2 - 8x_2x_3 + 14x_2x_4} + \underline{5x_3^2 - 8x_3x_4 + 6x_4^2}$$

Identité $(x+a)^2 - a^2 = x^2 + 2ax$

$$x_1^2 + 2x_1 \left[\underline{-x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4} \right]$$

$$= (x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4)^2 - [-x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4]^2$$

$$\Rightarrow q(x) = (x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4)^2 - [-x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4]^2 + \dots$$

$$q(x) = (x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4)^2 + \underline{4x_2^2 - 4x_2x_3 + 12x_2x_4} + x_3^2 - 4x_3x_4 + 9x_4^2$$

Identité' $(a_1 + \dots + a_k)^2 = \sum a_i^2 + 2 \sum_{i < j} a_i a_j$

$$4 \left[x_1^2 - x_2 x_3 + 3 x_2 x_4 \right] = 4 \left[x_2^2 + 2x_2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} x_3 \right)^2 + \frac{3}{2} x_4 \right]$$

$$= 4 \left[\left(x_1 - \frac{1}{2} x_3 + \frac{3}{2} x_4 \right)^2 - \left(-\frac{1}{2} x_3 + \frac{3}{2} x_4 \right)^2 \right]$$

D'oh

$$q(x) = \left(x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 \right)^2 + 4 \left(x_1 - \frac{1}{2} x_3 + \frac{3}{2} x_4 \right)^2 + 2 x_3 x_4$$

Identity : $xy = \frac{1}{4} \left[(x+y)^2 - (x-y)^2 \right]$

$$q(x) = \left(x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 \right)^2 + 4 \left(x_1 - \frac{1}{2} x_3 + \frac{3}{2} x_4 \right)^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (x_3 + x_4)^2 - \frac{1}{2} (x_3 - x_4)^2$$

↳ base orthog. w.r.t. matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$q(x) = x_1x_2 + 2x_1x_3 - x_1x_h + x_2x_3 + 3x_2x_h + 5x_3x_h$$

Reés de termes Carrés

Identité: $xy + xa + ya = (x+a)(y+a) - ab$

$$x_1x_2 + x_1(2x_3 - x_h) + x_2(x_3 + 3x_h)$$

$$= \underbrace{(x_1 + x_3 + 3x_h)}_{a} \underbrace{(x_2 + 2x_3 - x_h)}_{b} - (2x_3 - x_h)(x_3 + 3x_h)$$

on remplace

$$q(x) = \frac{1}{4} (x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + 2x_h)^2 - \frac{1}{4} (x_1 - x_2 - x_3 + 4x_h)^2$$

$$- 2x_3^2 + 4x_3x_h + 3x_h^2$$

$$- 2(x_3 - x_h)^2 + 5x_h^2$$

↪ base orthog. de matrice $\begin{pmatrix} 1/4 & -1/4 & 0 \\ 0 & -2/5 & 1/5 \end{pmatrix}$